



Christian Practices

Knowledge quizzes



Each page is a different topic and has ten questions listed down the left hand side. The answers are given on the right hand side.

Cover the answers and have a go at answering the questions on a separate piece of paper. Uncover the answers to mark and give yourself a score out of ten.

Record that score on the tracker which is on the next page. Every time you have a go at answering the questions, write your score on the tracker to see your improvements over time.

Quiz 13: Sacraments 1

ANSWER KEY

13.1	What is a sacrament?	An outer display of an inner belief
13.2	Give another name for the Eucharist	Mass, Holy Communion, the Lord's Supper, breaking of bread, Divine Liturgy
13.3	Which event is re-enacted/remembered at the Eucharist?	The Last Supper
13.4	Which sacrament did Jesus tell the disciples to perform at the Great Commission?	Baptism (in the name of the Father, Son and Holy Spirit) – Matthew 28:19
13.5	What term describes the Catholic belief that the bread becomes the body and the wine becomes the blood of Jesus?	Transubstantiation
13.6	Who baptised Jesus and where were they?	John the Baptist at the River Jordan
13.7	How many sacraments are there in the Catholic Church?	Seven
13.8	Why don't some Christians perform infant baptism?	They believe it should be the person's choice and infants are too young to make that decision
13.9	Give one of the main reasons why some Christians have baptisms	To welcome someone into the Church family; to wash away their sins; to show a commitment to Christianity; Jesus was baptised; Jesus told people to baptise; to have a new life with Jesus
13.10	What did Jesus tell the disciples to remember him by at the Last Supper?	Bread (his body) and wine (his blood)

Quiz 23: The worldwide Church

TRACKER

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Quiz 23: The worldwide Church

ANSWER KEY

23.1	Christianity is the most followed religion in the world. Which is the biggest Christian denomination?	The Roman Catholic Church
23.2	The worldwide Church works for reconciliation. What does this mean?	To bring all people together regardless of divisions
23.3	In the Sermon on the Mount (the Beatitudes), what does Jesus say will happen to those who try to bring peace?	They will be God's children (will access heaven)
23.4	Christians around the world are persecuted. What does this mean?	They are treated badly due to their belief/practice in Christianity
23.5	Name a worldwide Christian organisation that works for peace, reconciliation and justice	Pax Christi, CAFOD, Tearfund, Christian Aid
23.6	'I may give away everything I have, and even give up my body to be burned - but if I have no _____, this does me no good' (1 Corinthians 13:3)	love
23.7	What is the main aim of the Corrymeela Community in Ireland?	To promote harmony and reconciliation between divided communities
23.8	'Do not let _____ defeat you; instead, conquer _____ with good' (Romans 12:21)	evil, evil
23.9	In Mark 10:21, what did Jesus tell the rich man to do?	Sell all he had and give his money to the poor
23.10	'Do not take revenge on someone who wrongs you. If anyone slaps you on the right _____, let him slap your left _____ too' (Matthew 5:39)	cheek, cheek

Quiz 13: Sacraments 1

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Quiz 14: Sacraments 2

ANSWER KEY

14.1	Which sacraments do the 39 Articles of Religion in the Church of England support?	Baptism and the Lord's Supper (Eucharist)
14.2	"This is my body, which is for you. _____." In the same way, after the supper he took the cup and said, 'This cup is God's new covenant, sealed with my blood. Whenever you drink it, _____' (1 Corinthians 11:23-26)	Do this in memory of me
14.3	Why do Catholic and Orthodox Christians believe infant baptism is important?	It removes original sin
14.4	What sign is made on the baby's forehead with holy water during infant baptism?	The sign of the cross
14.5	What do some Christian denominations give the baby as a symbol of their new life?	A candle (lit from the Paschal candle)
14.6	During baptism, most priests/leaders say, 'I baptise you in the name of the _____, and of the _____, and of the _____'	Father, Son, Holy Spirit
14.7	What is another name for adult baptism, when people decide for themselves to join the Church?	Believer's baptism
14.8	Name a mainstream Christian denomination that has no sacraments	Salvation Army, Quakers
14.9	Name the sacraments that Catholic Christians follow	Baptism, confirmation, Holy Communion, marriage, holy orders, reconciliation, anointing of the sick
14.10	Name a mainstream Christian denomination that doesn't baptise babies, but does baptise adults	Baptists

Quiz 22: Mission

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Quiz 22: Mission

ANSWER KEY

22.1	What does 'mission' mean?	The belief that you should spread the good news about Jesus and God to non-believers through your actions
22.2	Just before Jesus ascended to heaven, he told the disciples that they should spread his message. What is this event known as?	The Great Commission
22.3	'Go, then, to all peoples everywhere and make them my -----' (Matthew 28:19)	disciples
22.4	Which event marked the beginning of the preaching of the disciples, and is also known as the birth of the Christian Church?	Pentecost
22.5	Which apostle is known for travelling around the Mediterranean Sea as a missionary and writing letters to communities?	St Paul
22.6	Which book of the Bible describes the early Christian Church and its spread in the Roman empire?	The Acts of the Apostles
22.7	What is evangelism?	Trying to convert people to Christianity through preaching and/or public witnessing or actions
22.8	'Jesus said to the fishermen Simon and Andrew, "Come with me, and I will teach you to catch -----" (Matthew 4:19)	people/men
22.9	According to 1 Corinthians 12:4-10, which part of the Trinity gives people gifts to help them in their mission?	The Holy Spirit
22.10	How do the Gideons mainly try to evangelise?	By distributing Bibles to schools, hotels and hospitals around the world

Quiz 14: Sacraments 2

TRACKER

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Quiz 15: Prayer

ANSWER KEY

15.1	What is prayer?	Talking/communicating with God
15.2	What type of prayer is spontaneous and made up by the person praying?	Informal prayer
15.3	What is formal, set prayer?	A prayer where the words have already been decided/have already been written and used multiple times
15.4	Name an example of a set prayer	The Lord's Prayer
15.5	How do Orthodox Christians pray?	Standing up
15.6	What object might Catholic Christians hold in their hands while they pray?	A rosary
15.7	'Our Father in _____, hallowed be your name, your kingdom come, your will be done, on earth as in heaven. Give us today our daily _____ ...' (Lord's Prayer, contemporary)	heaven, bread
15.8	Name one of the main focuses of prayer	Praise to Jesus/God; thanksgiving; confession (asking for forgiveness of sins); intercession (praying for others); petition (asking for something)
15.9	'_____ us our sins as we _____ those who sin against us. Lead us not into temptation but deliver us from _____ For the kingdom, the power, and the glory are yours now and for ever. Amen' (Lord's Prayer, contemporary)	forgive, forgive, evil
15.10	Where did the Lord's Prayer originate?	From Jesus, when he was asked how people should pray (Luke 11:1-4 and Matthew 6:5-15)

Quiz 21: The local Church

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Quiz 21: The local Church

ANSWER KEY

21.1	What is the difference between a church and the Church?	church – the physical building, place of worship Church – the community of Christians, local and worldwide
21.2	What term describes the local area around a church that it is responsible for looking after?	Parish
21.3	What is the main function of a church?	It is a place of worship
21.4	What religious ceremonies might a local church offer to parishioners?	Infant baptism, marriage, confirmation, adult baptism, funerals, blessings
21.5	How do local church communities support families?	Sunday school, baby/toddler groups, youth clubs, old people's events, visiting of the sick
21.6	What is the name of the Christian love that local churches show towards those around them?	Agape
21.7	Which parable explains how Christians should help those in need – for example, those who are hungry and thirsty?	The Parable of the Sheep and Goats
21.8	What do food banks do?	Take donations of food and distribute it to those in need
21.9	What does a street pastor do?	Works with people on the streets who may need help, advice or support
21.10	Which Christian denomination is particularly known for its work with those in need, e.g. running soup kitchens, working with the homeless and running charity shops?	Salvation Army

Quiz 15: Prayer

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Quiz 16: Worship

ANSWER KEY

16.1	What is the purpose of Christian worship?	To show respect to God; to follow Christian traditions; to show commitment; to praise God; to develop a person's relationship with God
16.2	What is liturgical worship?	A set service that follows a pre-planned structure
16.3	Why is Sunday the main day of worship for Christians?	The Ten Commandments says to remember the Sabbath day (interpreted as the seventh day for Christians)
16.4	What is informal worship?	A charismatic, spontaneous style of worship that has no pre-planned, set style
16.5	Name one possible feature of liturgical worship	Bible reading, singing of hymns/songs, Eucharist, set prayers, chanting
16.6	Why might a Christian use a Bible in private worship?	For guidance from God; to read God's word; for inspiration; for support
16.7	Which Christian denomination mainly worships in silence without any set liturgy?	Quakers (Society of Friends)
16.8	What is the name of the book used by Anglican Christians that contains set prayers?	Book of Common Prayer
16.9	Name one possible feature of informal worship	Dancing, singing, speaking in tongues, clapping, raising hands in the air
16.10	Which part of the Trinity is associated with the divine presence during informal worship?	The Holy Spirit

Quiz 20: Easter

TRACKER

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Quiz 20: Easter

ANSWER KEY

20.1	Which event does Easter celebrate?	The Crucifixion and Resurrection of Jesus
20.2	How is the date of Easter calculated?	It is the first Sunday after the full moon, on or after 21 March
20.3	What is the name of the 40-day period before Easter?	Lent
20.4	What is the week before Easter known as?	Holy Week
20.5	What is the name of the day that Jesus was crucified?	Good Friday
20.6	For how many days was Jesus dead?	Three (from Good Friday until Easter Sunday)
20.7	Where was Jesus crucified?	Golgotha (place of the skull), near Jerusalem
20.8	Why is Easter an important festival for Christians?	They remember that God sacrificed his son; it reminds them of God's love; it reminds them of God's power over death; Jesus's Resurrection brings their salvation, through the forgiveness of sins; it reminds them that they will also be resurrected and can enter heaven
20.9	How do Christians celebrate Easter in the UK?	Go to church to celebrate the Resurrection of Jesus; give Easter eggs; eat hot cross buns; give Easter cards; lighting of the Paschal candle
20.10	What do Easter eggs symbolise for Christians?	New life – the Resurrection of Jesus and this enabling humans to have new life in heaven

Quiz 16: Worship

TRACKER

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Quiz 17: Pilgrimage 1

ANSWER KEY

Check your specification for the places of pilgrimage that you need to study

17.1	What is a pilgrimage?	A religious or spiritual journey to a place of importance
17.2	Why do Christians go on a pilgrimage?	To see a special place associated with Christianity; for healing; to see places mentioned in the Bible; to bring them closer to Jesus/God
17.3	What might a Christian do when they arrive at the place of pilgrimage?	Pray, perform acts of worship, kiss/touch a relic, collect something, e.g. water from a spring
17.4	Which town would Christian pilgrims visit to see the place of Jesus's birth?	Bethlehem
17.5	Which city would Christians visit to see where Jesus went to the temple, where Jesus was crucified and the tomb Jesus was buried in?	Jerusalem
17.6	Why is Rome an important place of pilgrimage for some Christians?	It is where the Pope lives (The Vatican); it is where St Peter and St Paul were martyred; it is the centre of the Catholic Church; it is significant in the history of Christianity
17.7	What is the name of the French, ecumenical monastic order popular with Christian pilgrims?	Taizé
17.8	What do pilgrims do in Taizé?	Meditate, pray, chant, worship by candlelight, pray with the monks, sit in silence
17.9	Who did Richeldis de Faverches see in a vision at Walsingham?	The Virgin Mary
17.10	Richeldis de Faverches believed she visited an important place of Christian pilgrimage in her vision. What nickname given to Walsingham references this place?	The Nazareth of England

Quiz 19: Christmas

TRACKER

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Quiz 19: Christmas

ANSWER KEY

19.1	Which event does Christmas celebrate?	The birth of Jesus, the Incarnation
19.2	On which date is Christmas celebrated by the majority of Christians?	25 December
19.3	When do Orthodox Christians celebrate Christmas?	7 January
19.4	In which two books of the New Testament is the birth of Jesus described?	Matthew and Luke
19.5	Why was the birth of Jesus different to any other birth, for Christians?	Mary was a virgin; Jesus was born as the Son of God; it was the fulfilment of the Old Testament prophecies
19.6	What is the story of the birth of Jesus often called?	The Nativity story
19.7	What is the name of the period of time leading up to Christmas, starting on the nearest Sunday to St Andrew's Day?	Advent
19.8	What gifts were brought by the visitors from the East?	Gold, frankincense and myrrh
19.9	How many days is Christmas celebrated for?	12 days (until Epiphany)
19.10	How might Christians celebrate Christmas in the UK?	Going to church for midnight Mass; going to church on Christmas morning; giving gifts; carol singing; visiting family; sharing a Christmas meal; reading/remembering the story of Jesus's birth

Quiz 17: Pilgrimage 1

TRACKER

Quiz	Date	Score
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Quiz 18: Pilgrimage 2

ANSWER KEY

Check your specification for the places of pilgrimage that you need to study

18.1	In which country is Lourdes?	France
18.2	What is the name of the girl who had visions at Lourdes?	Bernadette Soubirous
18.3	Who did the girl have visions of?	The Virgin Mary
18.4	Why do pilgrims visit Lourdes?	To be healed or to accompany someone who hopes to be healed; to visit the Grotto where Mary appeared; to pray (using the rosary); to take part in processions and Mass; to confess sins
18.5	Which Christian denomination particularly visits Lourdes?	Roman Catholic
18.6	What appeared at the girl's feet at Lourdes?	A spring of water
18.7	Where is the island of Iona?	Scotland
18.8	How is the pilgrimage island of Iona often described?	As a thin veil between the physical world and the spiritual world
18.9	What is in Iona for pilgrims to visit?	An ecumenical monastic community, the Abbey Church, natural and historic places
18.10	What might pilgrims do in Iona?	Go to a service, walk around the island, go to workshops, contribute to the monastic community's daily life, sit in silence, meditate, read the Bible

Quiz 18: Pilgrimage 2

TRACKER

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Got it?