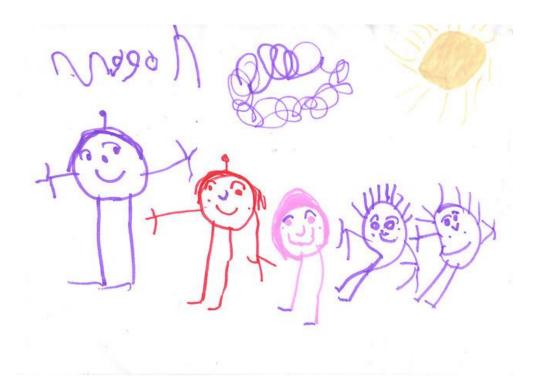




Children's Play Learning and Development (CPLD) Year 11 Bridging Work



You are about to begin the transition project for the Level 3 BTEC National Extended Certificate in Children's Play Learning and Development.

During year 12 you will complete 2 units, these may be unit 1 and unit 2. These units are both assessed through an external examination. This transition task seeks to prepare you for the key skills and knowledge needed for this course.

The tasks are split into 3 parts:

- 1. Unit 1: Children's Development
- 2. Unit 2: Development of Children's Communication, Literacy and Numeracy Skills
- 3. Activities for the Early Years

You will complete your work within this document. You need to complete a minimum of two tasks – want to impress – go for more©

If you need any support with this please email Mrs Hare: rhare@walton-ac.org.uk





Part 1

Unit 1: Children's Development

Learners cover physical, intellectual, Language, emotional and social development childhood from birth to 8 years old. As well as how to promote/factors affecting development. You will just be focusing on content covered in learning aim A: The Principles of Growth and Development and how they are applied from birth up to 7 years 11 months.

Task 1: Keywords and Definitions

Please research the meanings of these words. Please do not copy and paste, try to put them into your own words to show your understanding.

Keyword	Definition
Growth	
Development	
Centile Lines (percentiles)	
Development norms	
Milestone	
Gross motor skills	
Fine motor skills	
Attachment	
Monotrophy	
Maternal Deprivation	
Primary Socialisation	
Secondary socialisation	
Egocentric thinking	





Conservation (cognitive skill)		
Equilibrium		
Disequilibrium		
Self-concept (sense of identity)		
Stranger anxiety		
Task2: What are the key principles	of Growth and D	evelopment?
L	Key Principles	
Growth	1.	
	2.	
Development	1.	
	2.	
	3.	
Task 3: Explain Piaget's model of in https://www.youtube.com/watch?		tive development)
Include: 3 facts about Piaget A brief description of the Which life stages is this re		





Task 4: Using this table and your general knowledge (you can research if you need to) what positive and negative events can affect a child's **emotional** and **social** development? I have included some examples. Aim to include at least 3 additional ones in each.

	Positive	Negative
Emotional Development	 A sense of security from caregivers 	 Lack of love and affection
Social Development	 Opportunities to be independent 	Bad influences from peer groups

Watch this documentary: Old People's Home for 4 Year Olds

https://www.channel4.com/programmes/old-peoples-home-for-4-year-olds/on-demand/64374-001

Review/synopsis: Write a short summary about the documentary. Who, what, where, when, why? Include all key information of the story. Explain what was thought-provoking about it and the questions it led to. How did it make you feel? What positives where there on child development?





	Teacher Feedback
www:	
EBI:	
EBI:	
Student comment:	

Part 2

Unit 2: Development of Children's Communication, Literacy and Numeracy Skills





Learners cover the process of learning to talk, communication, read and write as well as developing numeracy skills. These are fundamental life skills and you will learn about best to support children in developing them. Learning aim A: Stages of speech, communication and language development and its link to overall domains of development.

Task 5: Keywords and Definitions

Please research the meanings of these words. Please do not copy and paste, try to put them into your own words to show your understanding.

Keyword	Definition
Eye-contact	
Body Language	
Gesture	
Active Listening	
Pre-Linguistic phase	
Linguistic phase	
Phonology	
Semantics	
Syntax	
Receptive Language	
Expressive Language	
Positive Reinforcement	
Language Acquisition Device (LAD)	
Mean Length of Utterance (MLU)	
Echolalia	
Holophrase	





Telegraphic Speech	
Phoneme	
Diagraph	
Trigraph	
Literacy	
Task 6: Watch this clip about language and communistages, this can be in any design you wish. Include you https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jt7y1IM2jOM	
	hich adults might promote children's language hildren aged two-five years
	ct of the adult's role in supporting children's ad language development.





	rch the entry requirements for each of these roles. What roles how do they support children's development?	and
	Speech and Language Therapist	
Entry requirements		
Salary range		
Roles and responsibilities		
	Primary School Teacher	
Entry requirements		
Salary range		
Roles and responsibilities		
	Educational Psychologist	
Entry requirements		
Salary range		





Roles and responsibili	ties
	Audiologist
Entry requirements	
Salary range	
Roles and responsibili	ties
	e a short summary about a children's storybook. Who, what, where, when, why? tion of the story. Explain how you feel this book supports children's language and hink PILES.
	Teacher Feedback
WWW:	
EBI:	
Student comment:	





Part 3

Play and Learning in the Early Years

Play is a child's work. It is how children learn and develop when used effectively. In the UK children start formal education at the age of 4 years in a reception class. In many other European countries children do not start formal schooling until they are 7 years old. Before then their education is VERY play based.

Explore some activity ideas that you can implement with children aged 3-5 years that are play based but support learning of numbers, shapes, space, colour or language. Choose two ideas and provide a summary of the activity idea and the value that it has for children's learning. **Teacher Feedback** www: EBI: Student comment: